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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/786,609	02/26/2004	Taketoshi Nakano	4282-3	2827	
23117 75	0 08/09/2006		EXAMINER		
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC			NGUYEN, JENNIFER T		
901 NORTH GI ARLINGTON,	LEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOO VA 22203	R	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2629	2629	

DATE MAILED: 08/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/786,6	09	NAKANO ET AL.	NAKANO ET AL.				
		Examine	r	Art Unit					
			. Nguyen	2629					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication reply	on appears on th	e cover sheet v	with the correspondence ac	ddress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any I	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR I CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILI Isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be eply received by the Office later than three months after the ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF TI CFR 1.136(a). In no ex- tion. y period will apply and w by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUN rent, however, may a rill expire SIX (6) MC olication to become A	ICATION. The reply be timely filed ENTHS from the mailing date of this of the capabolic part of the capabolic	·				
Status									
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 26 February 20	04						
· · · · ·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the applic	cation.	ζ.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
· · · · ·	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
_	The specification is objected to by the Ex	raminer							
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[∩ objected to	by the Examiner					
.0/	Applicant may not request that any objection	•		·					
			_		FR 1 121(d)				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)🖂	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority un	der 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
, ,	⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:								
,-	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the			•••	l Stage				
	application from the International I	, ,			3 -				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	t received.					
Attachmen	* *								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)					
3) 🛛 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO r No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/26/04</u> .			o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Admitted Prior Art figs. 2A-4F and supporting specification (hereinafter AAPA) in view of Bu (Patent No. US 7,006071).

Regarding claims 1, 6, and 8, AAPA teaches a display device (2A), comprising: a plurality of pixel formation portions (Px) for forming an image to be displayed;

a plurality of video signal lines (Ls) for transmitting a plurality of video signals representing the image to the plurality of pixel formation portions (page 17, line 24 to page 18, line 24);

a video signal line driving circuit (300) that has a plurality of output terminals respectively corresponding to a plurality of video signal line groups made by grouping the plurality of video signal lines into groups of two or more video signal lines, for outputting, by time division, from each of the output terminals the video signals to be transmitted by the video signal line group corresponding to that output terminal (page 19, lines 9-30); and

a connection switching circuit (501) for connecting each of the output terminals of the video signal line driving circuit to one of the video signal lines in the corresponding video signal line group, and switching the video signal line to which each of the output terminals is connected

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within the corresponding video signal line group in accordance with said time division (page 4, lines 6-30).

AAPA differs from claims 1, 6, and 8 in that it does not specifically teach each of the plurality of video signal line groups is made of a plurality of video signal lines that are spaced apart by an odd number of video signal lines.

Bu teaches a plurality of video signal line groups is made of a plurality of video signal lines that are spaced apart by an odd number of video signal lines (fig. 4, col. 6, lines 6-25). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the switching circuit as taught by Bu in the system of AAPA in order to prevent brightness irregularities in the displayed image without an increase in power consumption.

Regarding claim 2, AAPA further teaches a plurality of scanning signal lines (Lg, fig. 2A) intersecting with the plurality of video signal lines (Ls); and

a scanning signal line driving circuit (400) for respectively applying to the plurality of scanning signal lines a plurality of scanning signals for selectively driving the plurality of scanning signal lines;

wherein the plurality of pixel formation portions (px) are arranged in a matrix, in correspondence to the intersections between the plurality of video signal lines and the plurality of scanning signal lines;

wherein each of the pixel formation portions (Px) comprises:

a switching element (10, fig. 2B) that is turned on and off by a scanning signal applied by the scanning signal line driving circuit to the scanning signal line passing through the corresponding intersection;

a pixel electrode (Ep, fig. 2B) connected via the switching element to the video signal line that passes through the corresponding intersection; and

an opposing electrode (Ec, fig. 2B) that is shared by the plurality of pixel formation portions, and that is disposed such that a predetermined capacitance is formed between the opposing electrode and the pixel electrode;

wherein the connection switching circuit (501, fig. 2A) connects, by time division, each of the output terminals of the video signal line driving circuit (300) to the video signal lines within the corresponding video signal line group from the time when one scanning signal line is selected by the scanning signal line driving circuit and until another scanning signal line is selected (page 2, line 17 to page 4, line 30).

Regarding claim 3, AAPA further teaches the connection switching circuit changes a switching order of the video signal lines to be connected to each of the output terminals of the video signal line driving circuit in accordance with a switching of the scanning signal line selected by the scanning signal line driving circuit (page 2, line 17 to page 4, line 30).

Regarding claim 4, AAPA further teaches every time the scanning signal line selected by the scanning signal line driving circuit is switched for a predetermined number of times of two or greater, the video signal line driving circuit inverts a voltage polarity of the video signal outputted from each of the output terminals, taking the opposing electrode as reference potential (page 21, line 5 to page 22, line 14).

Regarding claims 5 and 7, the combination of AAPA and Bu teaches the video signal line driving circuit outputs the plurality of the video signals such that voltages of different polarities are applied to neighboring video signal lines of the plurality of video signal lines (fig. 4, col. 6, lines 6-25 of Bu).

Regarding claims 5, 7, 10, and 11, the combination of AAPA and Bu teaches a switching order of the video signal lines to be connected to each of the output terminals of the video signal line driving circuit is changed in accordance with a switching of the scanning signal line selected in the scanning signal line driving step (fig. 4, col. 6, lines 6-25 of Bu).

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered to pertinent applicant's disclosure: 6,784,866 and 6,919,870.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-7696. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri: 9:00am-5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached on 571-272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jennifer Nguyen 8/4/06

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